EXHIBIT_	5
DATE	1-20-2009
1B	HB 129

Amendments to House Bill No. 129 1st Reading Copy

Requested by Representative Michele Reinhart

For the House Local Government Committee

Prepared by Joe Kolman January 15, 2009 (2:32pm)

1. Title, page 1, line 7.

Strike: "SECTION"

Insert: "SECTIONS 76-5-103 AND"

2. Page 1.

Following: line 9

Insert: "Section 1. Section 76-5-103, MCA, is amended to read:
 "76-5-103. Definitions. As used in parts 1 through 4 of
this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the
following definitions apply:

- (1) "Artificial obstruction" means any obstruction that is not a natural obstruction and includes any dam, wall, riprap, embankment, levee, dike, pile, abutment, projection, revetment, excavation, channel rectification, bridge, conduit, culvert, building, refuse, automobile body, fill, or other analogous structure or matter in, along, across, or projecting into any flood plain or floodway that may impede, retard, or change the direction of the flow of water, either in itself or by catching or collecting debris carried by the water, or that is placed where the natural flow of the water would carry the same downstream to the damage or detriment of either life or property.
- (2) "Channel" means the geographical area within either the natural or artificial banks of a watercourse or drainway.
- (3) "Department" means the department of natural resources and conservation provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part 33.
- (4) "Designated flood plain" means a flood plain whose limits have been designated and established by order of the department pursuant to part 2 of this chapter.
- (5) "Designated floodway" means a floodway whose limits have been designated and established by order of the department pursuant to part 2 of this chapter.
- (6) "Drainway" means any depression 2 feet or more below the surrounding land serving to give direction to a current of water less than 9 months of the year and having a bed and well-defined banks.
- (7) "Establish" means construct, place, insert, or excavate.
- (8) "Flood" means the water of any watercourse or drainway that is above the bank or outside the channel and banks of the watercourse or drainway.

- (9) "Flood of 100-year frequency" means a flood magnitude expected to recur on the average of once every 100 years or a flood magnitude that has a 1% chance of occurring in any given year.
- (10) "Flood plain" means the area adjoining the watercourse or drainway that would be covered by the floodwater of a flood of 100-year frequency, except for sheetflood areas that receive less than 1 foot of water per occurrence and are considered "zone B" by the federal emergency management agency.
- (11) "Floodway" means the channel of a watercourse or drainway and those portions of the flood plain adjoining the channel that are reasonably required to carry and discharge the floodwater of any watercourse or drainway.
- (12) "Natural obstruction" means any rock, tree, gravel, or analogous natural matter that is an obstruction and has been located within the flood plain or floodway by a nonhuman cause.
- (13) "Owner" means any person who has dominion over, control of, or title to an obstruction.
- (14) "Political subdivision" means any incorporated city or town or any county organized and having authority to adopt and enforce land use regulations.
- (15) "Responsible political subdivision" means a political subdivision that has enacted land use regulations in accordance with parts 1 through 4.
- (16) (a) "Watercourse" means any depression 2 feet or more below the surrounding land serving to give direction to a current of water at least 9 months of the year and having a bed and well-defined banks.
- (b) Upon order of the department, the term also includes any particular depression that would not otherwise be within the definition of watercourse."

 {Internal References to 76-5-103: 75-5-326 x}"
- 3. Page 1, line 28 through line 30.

Strike: line 28 through line 30 in their entirety

Insert: "(3) Nothing in this part precludes a political
 subdivision from designating by ordinance or resolution,
 without prior state designation, flood plains and floodways
 as designated by the United States federal emergency
 management agency and as necessary for compliance with the
 national flood insurance program if the department
 determines the designation is in compliance with parts 1
 through 4 of this chapter."

- (9) "Flood of 100-year frequency" means a flood magnitude expected to recur on the average of once every 100 years or a flood magnitude that has a 1% chance of occurring in any given year.
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